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(c) When the public interests will permit, the Administrator may, upon request in specific cases, authorize such importations into Guam under conditions specified in the permit that are less stringent than those contained in this subpart.

[24 FR 10788, Dec. 29, 1959, as amended at 66 FR 21056, Apr. 27, 2001; 68 FR 37915, June 25, 2003; 70 FR 72886, Dec. 8, 2005]

§319.56a Administrative instructions and interpretation relating to entry into Guam of fruits and vegetables under §319.56.

- (a) The following fruits and vegetables may be imported into Guam without treatment except as it may be required under §319.56–6 and they shall otherwise be subject to all the requirements of this subpart as modified by this section:
- (1) All fruits and vegetables from the Marianas Islands.
- (2) All leafy vegetables and root crops from the Bonin Islands, Volcano Islands, and Ryukyu Islands.
- (3) All fruits and vegetables from the Caroline Islands, except citrus fruits, and except taro from the Palau and Yap districts (the excepted products are not approved for entry into Guam under § 319.56 without treatment).
- (4) Allium, artichokes, bananas, bell peppers, cabbage, carrots, celery, Chinese cabbage, citrus fruits, eggplant, grapes, lettuce, melons, okra, parsley, peas, persimmons, potatoes, rhubarb, squash (*Cucurbita maxima*), stone and pome fruits, string beans, sweetpotatoes, tomatoes, turnip greens, turnips, and watermelons, from Japan and Korea.
- (5) Leafy vegetables, celery, and potatoes, from the Philippine Islands.
- (6) Carrots (without tops), celery, lettuce, peas, potatoes, and radishes (without tops), from Australia.
- (7) Arrowroot, asparagus, bean sprouts, broccoli, cabbage, carrots (without tops), cassava, cauliflower, celery, chives, cow-cabbage, dasheen, garlic, gingerroot, horseradish, kale, kudzu, leek, lettuce, onions, Portuguese cabbage, turnip, udo, water chestnut, watercress, waterlilyroot, and yam bean root, from Taiwan (Formosa).

- (8) Lettuce from Netherlands New Guinea.
- (9) Carrots, celery, lettuce, loquats, onions, persimmons, potatoes, tomatoes, and stone fruits, from New Zealand.
- (10) Asparagus, carrots (without tops), celery, lettuce, and radishes (without tops) from Thailand.
 - (11) Green corn on the cob.
- (12) All other fruits and vegetables administratively approved for entry into any other part or port of the United States, except those for which a treatment is specified as a condition of entry and except any which are now, or may subsequently be, specifically designated in this subpart as not approved.
- (b) The inspector in Guam may, in his judgment, accept an oral application and issue an oral permit for products within paragraph (a) of this section, which shall be deemed to fulfill the requirements of §319.56–3. He may waive the documentation required in §319.56–5 for such products whenever he shall find that information available from other sources meets the requirements under this subpart for the information normally supplied by such documentation.
- (c) The provisions of §§ 319.56-2a and 319.56-2b shall not apply to chestnuts and acorns imported into Guam and they shall be enterable without further permit, other than the authorization contained in this paragraph, and without other restriction under this subpart, in accordance with the second paragraph of §319.56-2. Inspections of such importations may be made under the general authority of §330.105(a) of this chapter. If an importation is found infected, infested, or contaminated with any plant pest and is not subject to disposal under this part, disposition may be made in accordance with §330.106 of this chapter.
- (d) Coconuts with husks are not approved for entry into Guam from the Trust Territory under §319.56.
- (e) Application of the provisions of §§319.56-2d, 319.56-2e, 319.56-2g, 319.56-2k, 319.56-2l, and 319.56-2p is impracticable in the case of traffic into Guam and therefore such application is withdrawn. The fruits and vegetables which are the subject of said provisions are

not enterable into Guam except as they are now, or may later be, listed in paragraph (a) of this section. Yams are included in the listings in paragraphs (a) (1) and (2) of this section.

(f) Baskets or other containers made of coconut fronds are not approved for use as containers for fruits and vegetables imported into Guam. Fruits and vegetables in such baskets or containers offered for importation into Guam will not be regarded as meeting the requirement of the first paragraph of § 319.56–2.

[24 FR 10788, Dec. 29, 1959, as amended at 29 FR 2329, Feb. 11, 1964; 29 FR 6614, May 21, 1964; 31 FR 5607, Apr. 9, 1966; 34 FR 14638, Sept. 20, 1969; 35 FR 9105, June 12, 1970; 35 FR 16678, Oct. 28, 1970; 58 FR 43497, Aug. 17, 1993; 65 FR 37667, June 15, 2000; 68 FR 37915, June 25, 2003]

RULES AND REGULATIONS

§ 319.56–1 Definitions.

Above ground parts. Any plant parts, such as stems, leaves, fruit, or inflorescence, that grow solely above the soil surface.

Administrator. The Administrator of the Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, United States Department of Agriculture, or any employee of the United States Department of Agriculture delegated to act in his or her stead.

APHIS. The Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, United States Department of Agriculture.

Commercial shipment. A shipment containing fruits and vegetables that an inspector identifies as having been produced for sale and distribution in mass markets. Such identification will be based on a variety of indicators, including, but not limited to: quantity of produce, type of packaging, identification of grower or packing house on the packaging, and documents consigning the shipment to a wholesaler or retailer.

Country of origin. Country where the plants from which the plant products are derived were grown.

Cucurbits. Any plants in the family Cucurbitaceae.

Field. A plot of land with defined boundaries within a place of production on which a commodity is grown.

Fruits and vegetables. A commodity class for fresh parts of plants intended for consumption or processing and not for planting.

General permit. The authorization contained in §319.56-2(b), (c), or (d) for any person to import the articles named in those paragraphs, in accordance with the requirements specified in those paragraphs, without being issued a specific written permit.

Import and importation. To move into, or the act of movement into, the territorial limits of the United States.

Inspector. Any individual authorized by the Administrator of APHIS or the Commissioner of the Bureau of Customs and Border Protection, Department of Homeland Security, to enforce the regulations in this subpart.

Permit. A written or oral authorization, including by electronic methods, to import fruits or vegetables in accordance with the regulations in this subpart.

Place of production. Any premises or collection of fields operated as a single production or farming unit. This may include a production site that is separately managed for phytosanitary purposes.

Plant debris. Detached leaves, twigs, or other portions of plants, or plant litter or rubbish as distinguished from approved parts of clean fruits and vegetables, or other commercial articles.

Port of first arrival. The first point of entry into the United States where the consignment is offered for entry.

Production site. A defined portion of a place of production utilized for the production of a commodity that is managed separately for phytosanitary purposes. This may include the entire place of production or portions of it. Examples of portions of places of production are a defined orchard, grove, field, or premises.

Quarantine pest. A pest of potential economic importance to the area endangered by it and not yet present there, or present but not widely distributed there and being officially controlled.

Specific written permit. A written or electronic authorization issued by